



Department of
History

**ANTIQUITY
NEWSLETTER**

VOL 1 • MARCH 2023

HISTORY & IT'S RELEVANCE

Studying history at the modern context has a boarder prespective by grappling us with complex problems and dilemmas through its transitional phases, extending the nature of examination upon how the past was either shaped or continues to be shaped in defining local, national and global relationships between various societies and people its study helped us to know how past ideologies, government, culture and technologies are built how they operated and how they have changed According to Fancis Backon, "History makes a man wise." At the present technologically advanced world history will definitely gives the people an exit from their day to day problem of life As per example the remarkable personalities Clement Atlee, Prime Minister of England, Matthew of Ancona, the former Editor of the Spectator, Norman Devis, T.E, Lawrence, Eric Williams Prime Minister of Thailand and Tobago, Lester B. Pearson, Prime Minister of Canada, Jhon Gorton, Prime Minister of Australia were all the alumni of subject History from the University of oxford and Krishnakanta Handique, founder Vice-chancellor of the Gauhati University, Satish Chandra former Chairman (1973-81) of the University Grant Commission, the former Chief Minister of Assam Hiteswar Saikia, Surya Kumar Bhuyan former Vice -Chancellor of the Gauhati University, Amalendu Guha, a notable historian from Assam and the list is more. Its scope in proffessionalism is also consisting of trasferable skills which is closly associated with range of careers such as law, publishing, journalism and the media museums, librarianship and archive work, teaching, tourism, work in the development sector, global charity works, civil services and many other avenues are with it. At the phase of globalization the scope has widened and undergoing with change contributing in the rise of integrated and unified culture and economy. In the three-year degree programme the students have taught how human civilization evolved to the modern time from the prehistoric times. Throughout the duration of the programme, the students get to know about the global and Indian major historical events. By the end of the course, a history graduate has more then just knowledge about culture and society so as to achieve the proficiency at the various levels of the professional world as a Writer, Editor, Research Assistant, Historian, Documentation Specialist, Curator and Guide and as an Archivist.

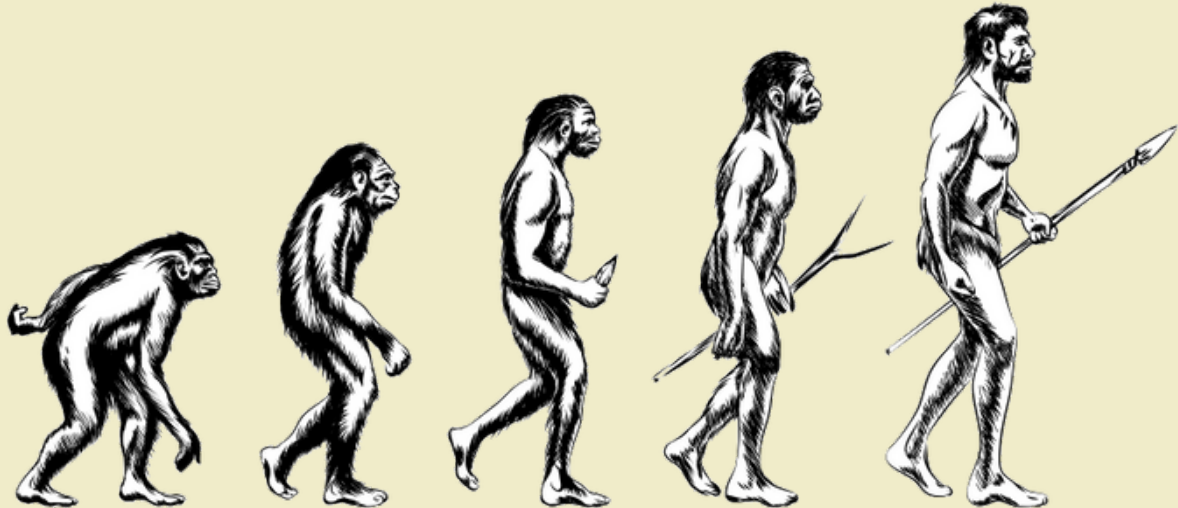
Australopithecus
afarensis

Homo habilis

Homo erectus

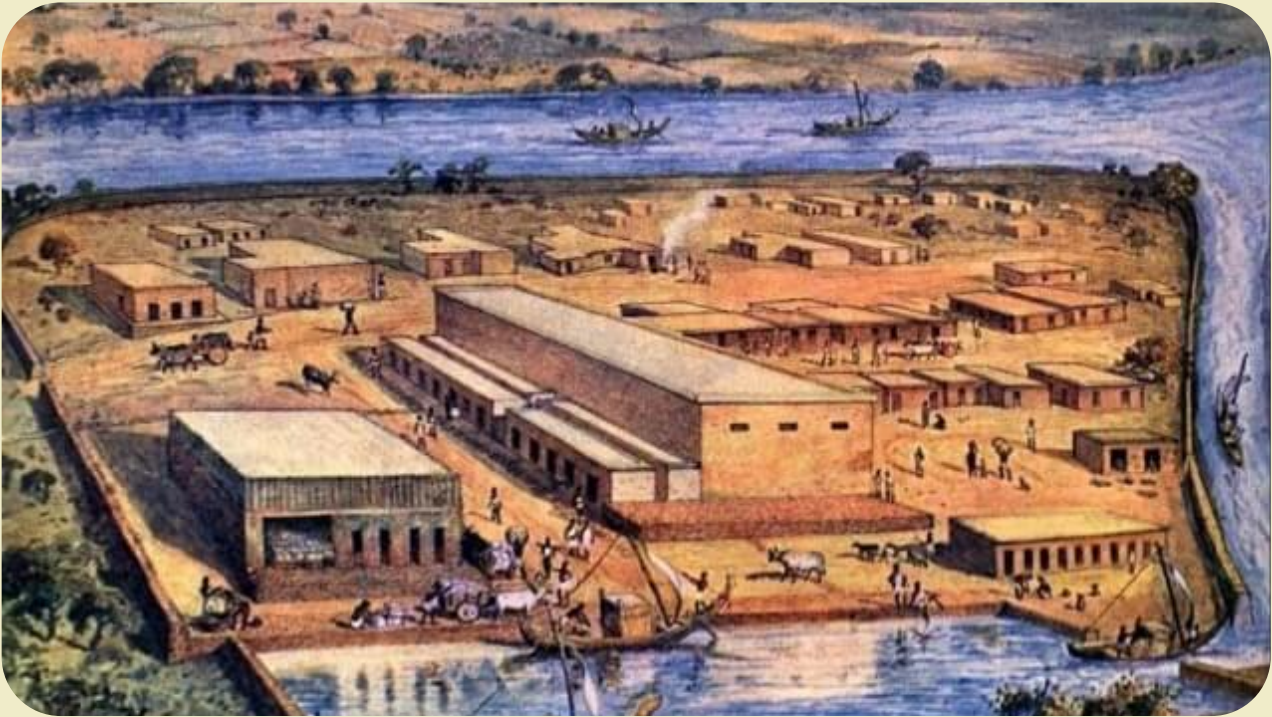
Homo
neanderthalensis

Homo
sapiens



Human evolution is the evolutionary process within the history of primates that led to the emergence of Homo-sapiens as a distinct species of the hominid family, which includes all the great apes. This process involved the gradual development of traits such as human bipedalism, dexterity and complex language, as well as interbreeding with other hominins (a tribe of the African hominid subfamily), indicating that human evolution was not linear but weblike. The study of human evolution involves several scientific disciplines, including physical and evolutionary anthropology, paleontology, and genetics.

Human Evolution - Alismita Das



The Indus Valley Civilization emerged around 3300 BC and thrived from 2600 BC to 1900 BC before declining and disappearing by 1400 BC. It is also known as the Harappan Civilization, named after the first excavated city of Harappa in Pakistan. The civilization was located in Punjab, Sindh, Baluchistan, Rajasthan, Gujarat, and western Uttar Pradesh, covering a vast region from Baluchistan in the west to Western Uttar Pradesh in the east and from Jammu in the north to Ahmednagar in the south. Some Indus Valley sites have also been discovered in Afghanistan and Turkmenistan. The civilization also showed the first evidence of cotton cultivation, found in Mehrgarh, Pakistan.

Indus Valley - Ribba Sultana



Razia Sultana was the first woman Sultanate of India, and ruled the court of Delhi from the end of 1236 to 1240. The only ever woman to do so, she defied all odds to occupy the throne, including overcoming conflicts over her gender and her slave ancestry.

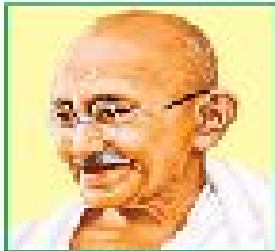
Rani Laxmi bai was a symbol of bravery, patriotism, respect of girl child, perseverance, generosity and resistance to British rule. Rani Laxmi Bai fought till her last breath for the welfare of women in India and for the noble cause of India's independence.

Mediaval India (Women Warriors) - Masuma Sultana

FREEDOM FIGHTERS



EDUCATIONAL CHART



MAHATMA GANDHI



KASTURBA BHABHA



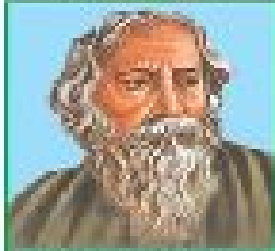
SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE



BAL GANESHA



RAM LAXMI BAI



RABINDRA NATH TAGORE



L. B. GOKHALE



GOPAL KRISHNA GOKHALE



MADAN MOHAN MALAVIYA



BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR



CHHATRAPATI SHIVAJI MAHARAJ



TIPU SULTAN



RAJARAM MOHAN ROY



CHITTRANJAN DAS



BIPIN CHANDRA PAL



ANNIE BESANT



DADABHAI NAUROJI



VEER SAVARKAR



CHANDER SHEKHAR AZAD



BHAGAT SINGH



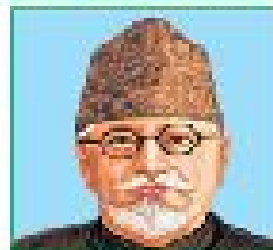
SUKHDEV



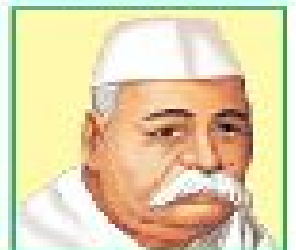
RAJGURU



MANGAL PANDEY



ARIF KALAM AZAD



GOPIND BALLABH PANT



LALA LAJPAT RAI



SAROJINI NAIDU



RAMESH CHANDRA BHASU



JAI PRAKASH NARAYAN



DR. B.R. AMBEDKAR



India was ruled by the British for about 200–250 years, during which many wars were fought, and many people sacrificed their lives for the country's freedom. India finally gained independence in 1947, thanks to the sacrifices of its freedom fighters, such as Ahmadullah Shah, Mangal Pandey, Vallabh Bhai Patel, Bhagat Singh, Aruna Asaf Ali, and Subhash Chandra Bose. The India Gate monument honors these martyrs, and India owes its freedom to their efforts. The freedom fighters employed both violence and non-violence to combat the British, and their efforts ultimately led to India's independence on August 15, 1947.

Kushal Konwar, Jyoti Prasad Agarwala , Maniram Dewan , Kanaklata Baruah , Piyoli Baruah many more sacrificed their lives for our beloved motherland and their sacrifices will also be remembered by the native people of the country and moreover many things we have learned from their livelihood and stories and many people are inspired hearing their sacrifices and blood and sweat for our country .

Freedom Fighters – Akram Ali

Book Awards

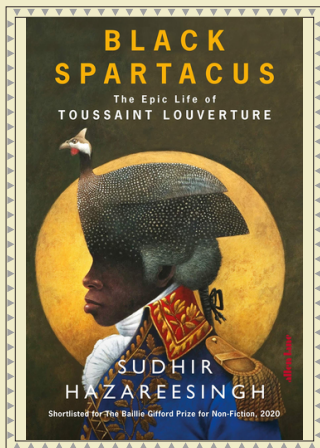


Devil-Land: England Under Siege, 1588-1688
By Clare Jackson.

*** Winner of the 2022 Wolfson Prize**

It tells the story of a nation in a state of near-continual crisis and it will change our views of the 17th century.

It is also extremely well written.

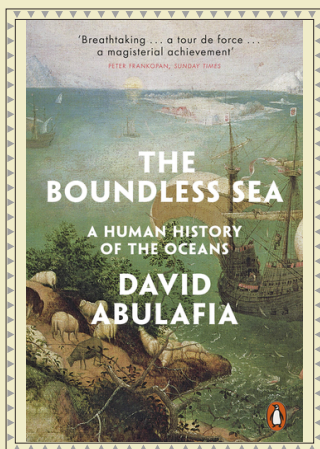


Black Spartacus: The Epic Life of Toussaint Louverture

By Sudhir Hazareesingh

*** Winner of the 2021 Wolfson History Prize**

Black Spartacus tells the extraordinary story of Toussaint Louverture, general and leader of a successful slave revolt in what is now Haiti. He was fighting—at various times—the Spanish, the British and the French.



The Boundless Sea: A Human History of the Oceans

By David Abulafia

*** Winner of the 2020 Wolfson History Prize**

This is a fascinating book which tells the human story through our relation to the oceans —from the early settlement of the Polynesian islands of the Pacific 3,000 years ago to the present day.

THE Antiquity

PHOTO GALLERY



~Historical Trip~

Department of History

THE ANTIQUITY

ANTIQUITY QUOTES

"History makes a man wise."

~ Francis Bacon

"History makes a man wise."

~ Francis Bacon

**"History is a set of lies that people have
agreed upon."**

~ Napoleon Bonaparte

"My uncle is not greater than my country."

~ Veer Lachit Borphukan

"You give me blood , I will give you freedom".

~ Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose

**"History is a continuous process
of exeration between the
historian and his facts,
unending dialogue between The
present and the past"**

~ E.H. Carr

**"If you educate a man you
educate an individual, however,
if you educate a woman you
educate a whole family."**

~ Pandit .Jawaharlal Nehru

**"If we are passengers in the same boat and fellow
passengers in the same boat, there will be a conflict, our
progress will be ruined"**

~ Dr. Bhupen Hazarika

We are glad to see you!

Miran Hussain Chowdhury Sir, an alumni and now part of the faculty of Department of History, GLC COLLEGE, BARPETA ROAD . He was invited for an interactive session with the students and his speech left a last impression on the young minds aspiring to pursue civil services. His words endeavours our students bright future .



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